



POLICY REGISTER

SJC STUDENT SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY – as at 1 February 2020

SJC STUDENT SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY

1 Name of policy

This is the *St John's College Student Sexual Misconduct and Sexual Harassment Policy*.

2 Commencement

This policy commences on 1 February 2019.

3 Policy is binding

Except to the extent that a contrary intention is expressed, this policy binds the College, students, staff members, associates and visitors.

4 Statement of intent

- (1) St John's College acknowledges that it has a responsibility to provide a safe and respectful environment for its students and staff, and others who may be present on the College property. All members of the College community, including individual students, the Student Club, staff members, and the College Council, have a role to play in creating a safe and respectful environment. All need to acknowledge their specific responsibilities in this area. .
- (2) This policy:
 - (a) prohibits sexual misconduct and sexual harassment by members of the College community;
 - (b) protects the safety and welfare of students disclosing or complaining about sexual misconduct or sexual harassment;
 - (c) sets out the meaning of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment;
 - (d) explains the difference between disclosures and complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment;
 - (e) explains the difference between complaints to the College and reports to the NSW Police;
 - (f) encourages safe active bystander intervention;
 - (g) sets out the principles applicable to disclosures and complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment; and
 - (h) supports the College's values of inclusion and diversity, and respect and integrity.

5 Application

- (1) This policy applies to disclosures by students and former students of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment, including:
 - (a) anonymous disclosures;
 - (b) disclosures about recent or historical events; and
 - (c) disclosures about College related and non-College related conduct.
- (2) This policy applies to complaints by students and former students of College related sexual misconduct and sexual harassment including, but not limited to, conduct by:
 - (a) current students; and
 - (b) current staff members or associates.

Note: For an explanation of the difference between disclosures and complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment, see clauses 12 and 13.

- (3) For the avoidance of doubt, the rights and obligations of students under this policy are in addition to the rights and obligations set out in the *SJC Student Code of Conduct* and the *General Regulation*.

6 Definitions

In this policy:

active bystander intervention	means seeing and recognising a potentially harmful situation and choosing to respond in a safe way that could prevent or stop the harm from happening or continuing.
associate	means consultants and contractors to the College; tutors; members of College Council and committees; and any other persons appointed or engaged by the College to perform duties or functions on its behalf.
Apprehended Violence Order	means an ADVO (Apprehended Domestic Violence Order) or an APVO (Apprehended Personal Violence Order) made by a court.
College land	means any land occupied or used in connection with the College, including the whole or any part of any building or structure on College land.
College related conduct	means any conduct that is connected to the College, including conduct that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • refers or relates to the College, its activities, or its staff, associates or students in their status as staff, associates or students of the College; • occurs on, or in connection with, College land or other property owned by the College; • occurs at, or in connection with, another Residential College; • occurs at or in connection with University owned or affiliated student accommodation; • occurs using, or is facilitated by, College ICT resources or other College equipment;

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • occurs during, or relates to, the performance of duties for the College; • occurs during, or in connection to, any College related function or event (whether sanctioned or organised by the College or not) or when representing the College in any capacity; • occurs during any event run by or affiliated with the St John's College Student Club or other College organisations, clubs or societies (whether sanctioned or organised by the College or not).
complainant	means a student or former student who makes a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment.
complaint	means a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment made in accordance with clause 13.
disclosure	means a disclosure of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment made in accordance with clause 12.
Pastoral Team	means staff in the Student Life Team, Resident Tutors, Sub-Deans, Resident Assistants and Corridor Representatives.
Residential College	means one or more of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mandelbaum House; • Sancta Sophia College; • St Andrew's College; • St John's College; • St Paul's College; • Wesley College; • The Women's College.
respondent	means a person whose conduct is the subject of a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment.
staff or staff member	means an employee of the College, including a casual employee.
student	includes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a person who has been admitted as either a resident student of the College or an affiliate (non-resident) student of the College, for the duration of such admission; and (b) any other person resident in the College.
visitor	means any guest, invitee or visitor to College land or to a function or event authorised or organised by the College.

7 Sexual misconduct and sexual harassment are prohibited

- (1) Students, staff, associates and visitors must not engage in sexual misconduct towards or sexually harass any other person.
- (2) Behaviour that is intimidating, abusive, disrespectful or threatening, including sexual misconduct and sexual harassment, is not acceptable and will not be tolerated.

8 Emergency and ongoing assistance and support

- (1) Students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment are encouraged to seek assistance and support from a member of the Pastoral Team.

- (2) Contact details for emergency assistance for students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment are set out in **Schedule 1**.
- (3) Contact details for ongoing support and assistance for students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment are set out in **Schedule 2**.
- (4) Contact details for support and assistance for students who are accused of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment are set out in **Schedule 3**.
- (5) Students and staff can support a student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment by:
 - listening without interrupting;
 - letting them express how they feel and respecting the words they use in reference to the incident;
 - letting the student know they believe what the student is telling them and acknowledging the student's distress;
 - letting the student know that the incident was not their fault;
 - respecting their decisions;
 - directing them to the available support services.

Note: When a student has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment, they may express a range of emotional and physical symptoms. The NSW Rape Crisis Service website provides information on common impacts of sexual misconduct.

9 Meaning of sexual misconduct

- (1) The term sexual misconduct is used in this policy to cover a range of unacceptable sexual and physical behaviours, which are criminal offences.

Note: Sexual misconduct can happen to people of all ages, genders and sexualities, within or outside a relationship. Sexual misconduct is an abuse of power, and is never the fault of the person who does not consent to the sexual behaviour.
- (2) For the purposes of this policy, sexual misconduct means any sexual act that a person does not consent to, including:
 - a. sexual intercourse without consent (rape), including oral sex without consent;
 - b. sexual touching without consent (*sexual touching* for this purpose means touching another person in circumstances where a reasonable person would consider the touching to be sexual);
 - c. carrying out a sexual act with or towards another person without that person's consent, or inciting another person to carry out a sexual act without their consent (a *sexual act* for this purpose means an act, other than sexual touching, carried out in circumstances where a reasonable person would consider the act to be sexual);
 - d. voyeurism; and
 - e. recording or distributing an intimate image of another person without their consent, whether in person or by electronic, digital or other means, including a still or moving image.
- (3) For the purposes of this policy, a person will be considered to have engaged in sexual misconduct towards another person if:
 - a. the other person did not consent to the first person's actions; and
 - b. the first person:

- i. knew that the other person did not consent;
 - ii. was reckless as to whether the other person consented; or
 - iii. should reasonably have known, having regard to all the circumstances, that the other person did not consent.
- (4) For the purposes of this policy, threatening to engage in any of the above conduct may also constitute sexual misconduct.

Note: Stalking or intimidating another person with the intention of causing them to fear physical or mental harm is also a criminal offence (see the *Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2007*) and is prohibited under the *SJC Student Code of Conduct* Part 4.

10 Meaning of consent

- (1) For the purposes of this policy, a person consents to a sexual act if they freely and voluntarily consent to the sexual act.
- (2) A person is not able to freely and voluntarily consent to a sexual act when:
- (a) they are:
 - (i) asleep or unconscious;
 - (ii) significantly intoxicated or affected by drugs;
 - (iii) intimidated, coerced or threatened, including when they are afraid of harm to themselves or someone else;
 - (iv) unclear about the identity of the person performing the act;
 - (v) tricked into doing something they do not want to do;
 - (vi) detained or held against their will; or
 - (vii) under 16 years of age; or
 - (b) the person is pressured to engage in the sexual act by another person, who is in a position of power or authority over them.
- (3) The fact that a person does not say 'no' to, or does not physically resist, a sexual act does not of itself mean that they consent to it.
- (4) A person is free to withdraw their consent at any time prior to or during a sexual act, for any reason.

11 Meaning of sexual harassment

- (1) Sexual harassment occurs if a person:
- (a) makes an unwelcome sexual advance, or an unwelcome request for sexual favours, to the person harassed; or
 - (b) engages in other unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature in relation to the person harassed;

in circumstances in which a reasonable person, having regard to all the circumstances, would have anticipated the possibility that the person harassed would be offended, humiliated or intimidated.

- (2) Sexual harassment includes:
- (a) unwelcome touching, hugging or kissing;
 - (b) inappropriate staring or leering;
 - (c) sexual gestures;

- (d) sexually suggestive comments or jokes;
 - (e) displaying, sending or requesting sexually explicit pictures or posters;
 - (f) giving sexually explicit gifts;
 - (g) making or distributing a sexually explicit audio recording or photo-shopped image of another person;
 - (h) repeated or inappropriate invitations to go out or 'hook up';
 - (i) intrusive questions about a person's private life or physical appearance;
 - (j) requests or pressure for sexual intercourse, or other sexual acts.
- (3) Sexual harassment can occur through email, text, messaging, social media posts and other forms of electronic communication.
- (4) Acts of sexual harassment may also constitute sexual misconduct.

12 Disclosures of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment

- (1) Students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment have a right to decide whether they want to disclose the incident to the College, or not.
- (2) A student or former student can make a disclosure to the College of any incident of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment:
- (a) in person by contacting any member of the Pastoral Team; or
 - (b) by submitting a message via the College's Anonymous Alerts app.
- (3) Students and former students can elect to make disclosures anonymously.
- (4) A member of the Pastoral Team may assist a student or former student to make a disclosure.
- (5) The College is committed to supporting students and former students who disclose sexual misconduct or sexual harassment. Details of inclusive and non-discriminatory support services for students are set out in **Schedule 2**.
- (6) Students and former students should make a disclosure (rather than a complaint) of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment if they do not want the College to investigate or to take any specific action in response to the incident.
- (7) Students and former students who choose to make a disclosure of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment may later decide to make a complaint to the College about the same incident. The College will provide guidance about how to make a complaint.
- (8) The College will treat all disclosures confidentially, and:
- (a) will not investigate a disclosure unless:
 - (i) there appears to be an imminent risk to the health or safety of the student or another person; or
 - (ii) one or more other people name the same perpetrator in a separate incident disclosure and the College is concerned that there may be a risk to the health or safety of other persons; and
 - (b) will inform the student before commencing an investigation into a disclosure.
- (9) If the College needs to investigate a disclosure, the Vice-Rector or Dean may contact the person who made the disclosure to ask whether they would be prepared to make a complaint or to participate in an investigation process.
- (10) The College will otherwise use information contained in disclosures on a de-identified basis to identify trends and to develop targeted responses to sexual misconduct and sexual harassment in the College community.

13 Complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment

- (1) Students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment have a right to decide whether they want to make a complaint to the College, or not.
- (2) A student or former student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment can make a complaint to the College by contacting the Vice-Rector or Dean.
- (3) A member of the Pastoral Team may assist a student or former student to make a complaint.
- (4) A person cannot make a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment on behalf of a student or former student.
- (5) Students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment should make a complaint (rather than a disclosure) if:
 - (a) they want the College to investigate or to take specific action; and
 - (b) the complaint is about College related conduct, including conduct by:
 - (i) other students; or
 - (ii) current staff members or associates.
- (6) Students and former students do not have to specify what action they want the College to take in order to make a complaint. If students choose to specify what action they want the College to take, the College may decide to take that action or some other action, as appropriate.
- (7) A former student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment can make a complaint if:
 - (a) the complaint is about College related conduct; and
 - (b) the respondent is a current student, staff member or associate of the College.
- (8) The College is committed to supporting students and former students who complain about sexual misconduct or sexual harassment. Details of inclusive and non-discriminatory support services for students are set out in **Schedule 2**.
- (9) In most circumstances, a student or former student wishing to make a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment will need to provide their name. The College will not act on anonymous complaints of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment unless:
 - (a) it is not necessary for the respondent to be aware of the identity of the complainant in order to properly respond to the complaint; or
 - (b) there is independent documentary or other evidence supporting the complaint and the allegation can be tested fairly.
- (10) The College is unable to act on complaints from complainants who decline to provide information about the respondent. In such cases, the complaint will be treated as a disclosure.
- (11) If a student or former student makes a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment by a visitor or other person over whom the College has no jurisdiction, the College may seek assistance from another organisation or to refer the complaint to an external agency for resolution.
- (12) If a student or former student makes a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment occurring at or in connection with another Residential College, or University

owned or affiliated student accommodation, the College may liaise with or seek assistance from the other Residential College or accommodation provider to resolve the complaint.

- (13) A student or former student who has made a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment is free to withdraw it at any time. However, if the College has already commenced misconduct proceedings against a student, staff member or associate as a result of the complaint, those proceedings will be completed.
- (14) Complainants are required to engage with the complaints process, and to provide sufficient details of their complaint to permit the College to conduct a preliminary Assessment and investigation, as appropriate.

Note: Complainants are not required to put their complaint in writing in the first instance. However, a written complaint will be required if an investigation is needed.

14 Principles of complaint resolution

- (1) Complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment will be resolved sensitively, fairly, confidentially and with a minimum of disruption, while following the principles of procedural fairness.
- (2) Complainants and respondents will have a reasonable opportunity to state or respond to a complaint orally and in writing, and to provide any documents relevant to the complaint.
- (3) Complainants and respondents may be accompanied to any meeting by a support person, if they wish.
- (4) At no time will the complainant and respondent be required to meet with or to participate in any activity with one other, unless they have both given their prior informed consent.

15 Preliminary Assessment of a complaint

- (1) Upon receiving a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment, the Vice-Rector or Dean will conduct a preliminary Assessment.

Note: For details of timeframes, the information that will be recorded in the case management system and the process that will be undertaken, see the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.

Note: Where the complaint relates to the conduct of a staff member or associate, the Vice-Rector or Dean must refer the complaint to the Director, Corporate Services. See subclause 9(11) of the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.

- (2) The Vice-Rector or Dean will consult with the complainant during the preliminary Assessment process.
- (3) Sexual misconduct and most sexual harassment by students will constitute student misconduct.
 - (a) The Vice-Rector or Dean will not refer a complaint about a student to the Rector, for handling in accordance with Part 14 of the *General Regulation*, without consulting the complainant.
 - (b) If a complaint about a student is referred to the Rector, the Vice-Rector or Dean will update the complainant regularly on the progress of the misconduct proceedings.
- (4) The Vice-Rector or Dean will inform the complainant before referring a complaint to the Rector.
- (5) If a complaint about a student is not referred to the Rector:

- (a) the College will be unable to take disciplinary action against the respondent; and
- (b) the Vice-Rector or Dean will determine, in consultation with the complainant, whether the complaint is appropriate for investigation or Assisted Resolution.

16 Investigation of a complaint

- (1) Where the Vice-Rector or Dean determines that investigation of a complaint about a student is appropriate and the complaint has not been referred to the Rector for handling in accordance with Part 14 of the *General Regulation*, the complaint will be investigated in accordance with the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.

Note: Investigators must make findings of fact and may make recommendations for resolving complaints. See subclause 12(5) of the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.
- (2) If an investigator recommends that a complaint about a student be referred to the Rector for handling in accordance with Part 14 of the *General Regulation*, the Vice-Rector or Dean will not refer the complaint to the Rector without consulting the complainant.
- (3) The Vice-Rector or Dean will inform the complainant before referring a complaint to the Rector.
- (4) If the complaint is not referred to the Rector:
 - (a) the College will not take disciplinary action against the respondent; and
 - (b) the Vice-Rector or Dean will take into account the investigator's findings of fact and any recommendations, and determine, in consultation with the complainant, whether the complaint is appropriate for Assisted Resolution.

Note: The Vice-Rector or Dean will provide the complainant and the respondent a written statement of the outcome of the complaint, including reasons. See subclause 13(3) of the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.
- (5) Alleged misconduct by staff members or associates may be investigated in accordance with procedures in the *Staff Handbook*.

17 Outcome of a complaint

- (1) The outcome of a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment will be determined by the findings of any investigation, the seriousness of the complaint and the wishes of the complainant.
- (2) For complaints that result in misconduct proceedings:
 - (a) Part 14 of the *General Regulation* sets out the process for establishing penalties for, and appeal rights from, findings of misconduct against a student.
 - (b) the *Staff Handbook* sets out the process for establishing penalties for, and appeal rights from, findings of misconduct against a staff member or affiliate
- (3) The Vice-Rector or Dean will inform complainants of the outcome of misconduct proceedings against students, staff members or affiliates, on a confidential basis. Where possible, this information will be delivered in person, to allow the complainant to ask questions and seek clarification about the effect of the outcome.
- (4) If the complainant does not provide sufficient detail or evidence of a complaint about a student, staff member or affiliate to enable the alleged conduct to be properly investigated, a finding of misconduct will not be made and the University will be unable to take disciplinary action against the respondent.
- (5) If a complaint about a student is not referred to the Rector for handling in accordance

with Part 14 of the *General Regulation*, or if a finding of misconduct is not made, the Vice-Rector or Dean will determine whether the complaint is appropriate for investigation or Assisted Resolution in accordance with the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.

Note: Assisted Resolution may include, an apology, mediation or conciliation, an agreed plan of action to avoid further incidents, and implementing awareness-raising or educational sessions about behaviour. See subclause 10(1) of the *SJC Student Complaints Procedure*.

- (6) If a complaint about a staff member or affiliate does not result in misconduct proceedings, or if a finding of misconduct is not made, the Rector will determine whether the complaint is appropriate for mediation or an alternative form of dispute resolution.
- (7) In most circumstances, mediation and conciliation will be considered inappropriate for resolving complaints of sexual misconduct.

18 Confidentiality

- (1) Except as provided in subclause 19(7), the College will keep confidential all information relating to a disclosure or complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment, unless the student consents to disclosure of part or all of the information for a specified purpose.
- (2) Subject to this clause, complainants and respondents must keep confidential:
 - (a) the identity of the complainant, the respondent and participants in the resolution or investigation of a complaint;
 - (b) the information provided or collected during the resolution or investigation of a complaint;
 - (c) the fact that a complaint has been made;
 - (d) any interim measures taken under clause 22; and
 - (e) any report, outcome or determination of a complaint.
- (3) Complainants and respondents may disclose the information in subclause (2) in order to obtain support or advice from:
 - (a) their immediate family members;
 - (b) a qualified counsellor or psychologist;
 - (c) their student representative or lawyer;
 - (d) the Police;
 - (e) the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board or Australian Human Rights Commission.
- (4) A breach of confidentiality may result in disciplinary action including, where the person is a student, action under the *General Regulation*.

19 Reports to the NSW Police

- (1) The College supports the right of students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment to decide whether they want to report the incident to the NSW Police, or not.

Note: Students and former students may also elect to contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board or the Australian Human Rights Commission to make a complaint of sexual harassment under anti-discrimination legislation.
- (2) A student or former student may decide to make a disclosure or complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment to the College, but not report the incident to the

Police. Alternatively, a student may decide to report sexual misconduct or sexual harassment to the Police, but not to make a disclosure or complaint to the College.

- (3) A person's decision to make a report to the Police will not necessarily preclude the College from investigating or taking action in response to sexual misconduct or sexual harassment. However, any internal College process may have to be suspended pending completion of the criminal process.
- (4) When deciding whether to suspend an internal College process pending completion of a criminal process, the College will consult the Police and the complainant and will consider:
 - (a) the potential for the internal process to impede or contaminate the criminal process;
 - (b) the potential for the criminal process to impede or contaminate the internal process; and
 - (c) whether investigating or responding to the incident has the potential to impact adversely on the rights of either or both the complainant or the respondent.

Note: The standard of proof to be satisfied in College investigations of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment is 'on the balance of probabilities', which requires satisfaction on the evidence that the matter found to have occurred is more likely to have occurred than not. The College will take into account the nature and seriousness of the alleged conduct when deciding whether the standard of proof is met. The standard of proof used in criminal investigations and trials is 'beyond reasonable doubt', which is a higher evidentiary standard of proof.

- (5) The College is required to report information about the commission of a 'serious indictable offence' to the Police in accordance with section 316 of the *Crimes Act 1900* (NSW).

Note: A 'serious indictable offence' is an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for five years or more, such as conduct referred to in this policy as rape (also called sexual assault) or sexual touching.
- (6) If a student or former student decides not to report an incident of sexual misconduct to the Police, the College will use its best efforts to protect the confidentiality of information relating to the student's disclosure or complaint, while meeting its obligations under the *Crimes Act 1900* (NSW).
- (7) In some limited circumstances, the College may need to report an incident of sexual misconduct to the Police against a student's wishes, to ensure the safety of the student or other members of the College community, or to meet its legal obligations.
- (8) The College will inform the student or former student before reporting an incident of sexual misconduct to the Police.

20 Active bystander intervention

- (1) The College encourages and values safe active bystander intervention by members of the College community to prevent or stop sexual misconduct and sexual harassment from occurring or continuing.
- (2) The steps involved in safe active bystander intervention are:
 - (a) noticing the situation – paying attention to what is going on nearby;
 - (b) deciding if it is a problem – investigating whether someone might need help, and checking with people around if unsure;
 - (c) accepting responsibility to take action – not assuming someone else will do something;
 - (d) making a plan to step in – indirectly or directly confronting the issue, without

being aggressive or putting oneself or others in danger.

21 No victimisation

- (1) A person must not victimise or otherwise subject another person to detrimental action as a consequence of that person:
 - (a) making a disclosure or a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment;
 - (a) providing information about a disclosure or a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment;
 - (b) supporting a student who has made a disclosure or complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment; or
 - (c) engaging in safe active bystander intervention.
- (2) A breach of this clause may result in disciplinary action including, where the person is a student, action under the *General Regulation*.

22 Interim measures

- (1) Interim measures should not be interpreted as anticipating or revealing the outcome of any College or criminal investigation process.
- (2) In order to minimise the potential for harm to any person, the Rector may take interim measures against a student in response to:
 - (a) a complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment against the student, pending:
 - (i) resolution of the complaint;
 - (ii) investigation of the complaint;
 - (iii) the conclusion of an internal disciplinary process; or
 - (iv) criminal investigation and hearing; or
 - (b) an Apprehended Violence Order, whether interim or final.
- (3) As an interim measure the Rector may:
 - (a) suspend a student from entering specified parts of the College's lands;
 - (b) restrict a student's access to particular events or activities;
 - (c) restrict a student's access to specified College buildings, facilities or accommodation; or
 - (d) prohibit a student from speaking to or approaching another student; for such period, and on such terms, as the Rector considers necessary.
- (4) Interim measures must be:
 - (a) taken on a case-by-case basis;
 - (b) set for a fixed period of time; and
 - (c) reasonable and proportionate;
 having regard to the seriousness and circumstances of the alleged conduct.
- (5) Interim measures may be taken summarily, and the Rector:
 - (a) is not required to provide a hearing to the student before making a decision; and
 - (b) may inform himself or herself in relation to any matter in any manner that he or she think fit.

- (6) Interim measures once taken will continue to apply until they:
 - (a) are revoked or varied by the Rector; or
 - (b) expire in accordance with their terms.
- (7) If the Rector imposes interim measures against a student, he or she must provide a written notice to the student within 24 hours:
 - (a) specifying the terms of the interim measures;
 - (b) specifying the period of the interim measures;
 - (c) summarising the reasons for the interim measures; and
 - (d) providing a copy of, or an electronic link to, the Policy and these procedures.
- (8) Nothing in this policy affects the power of the Rector to suspend a student in accordance with Part 14 of the *General Regulation*.

23 Vexatious complaints

- (1) A student must not make a vexatious or malicious complaint of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment.
- (2) For the purposes of this policy, a complaint will be considered vexatious or malicious if the student makes it:
 - (a) knowing it to be false; and
 - (b) for the primary purpose of damaging the College or the person against whom the complaint is made.
- (3) Making such a complaint may result in disciplinary action including, where the person is a student, action under Part 14 of the *General Regulation*.

24 Breach of this policy

- (1) The College may take disciplinary action against any person who is knowingly involved in a breach of this policy.
- (2) Where the person is a student, this may include disciplinary action under the Part 14 of the *General Regulation*.
- (3) Where the person is staff member or associate, this may include disciplinary action under procedures in the *Staff Handbook*.

25 Recordkeeping and reporting

- (1) The College will:
 - (a) keep appropriate records of all disclosures and complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment in a secure location;
 - (b) keep appropriate records of its communications with other Residential Colleges and University owned or affiliated student accommodation about disclosures and complaints of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment occurring at, or in connection with, them; and
 - (c) subject to the confidentiality requirements specified in clause 18(1), allow reasonable access by students to information about themselves.
- (2) Access to information relating to a disclosure or complaint of sexual misconduct or

sexual harassment will be restricted to College staff who have a need to access and use the information in order to carry out their responsibilities.

SCHEDULE 1 – Emergency contacts

- (1) In an emergency, students should contact the **RA on duty** on **0411 961 746**.
- (2) In an emergency, students should contact **emergency services** by dialling triple zero (**000**).
- (3) Students who feel unsafe on a University of Sydney campus or are concerned for someone else's safety can also contact **Campus Security** on **9351 3333**, 24 hours a day.
- (4) Students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct can contact:
 - a. **NSW Rape Crisis Service** on **1800 424 017**, 24 hours a day;
 - b. **1800RESPECT** on **1800 737 732** or online via www.1800respect.org.au, 24 hours a day;
 - c. **Royal Prince Alfred (RPA) Hospital Sexual Misconduct Service** on **9515 9040** (Monday to Friday) or **9515 6111** (after hours). Counselling and medical services are available for anyone who has been sexually misconducted. Campus Security can arrange transport to RPA.

SCHEDULE 2 –Support for students and former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment

(A) – College support

- (1) A student or former student can make a disclosure to the College of any incident of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment:
 - (a) in person by contacting any member of the College's Pastoral Care Team; or
 - (b) by submitting a message via the College's Anonymous Alerts app.
- (2) A student or former student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment can make a complaint to the College by contacting the Vice-Rector or Dean.
- (3) The Vice-Rector or Dean will arrange support for a student or former student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment.

(B) – University of Sydney support

- (1) A student or former student who has experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment can make a disclosure or a complaint to the University online at [the University's 'Sexual Misconduct' web page](#) or by calling **1800 SYD HLP (1800 793 457)** from 9am to 5pm, Monday to Friday.
- (2) Students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment have access to a range of University [support services and assistance](#), including:
 - **Student Liaison Officers** – contact **8627 6808** or email safer-communities.officer@sydney.edu.au, 8.30am-5.30pm, Monday to Friday;
 - **on campus emergency accommodation** - contact Student Accommodation Services on **9351 3322**, 10am to 4pm, Monday to Friday. For after hours emergency accommodation, contact Campus Security on **9351 3333**;
 - **security services** - contact Campus Security on **9351 3333**, 24 hours a day;
 - **health services** (for current students only) - contact the University Health Service on **9351 3484**, 8:30am to 5pm, Monday to Friday;
 - **counselling services** (for current students only) – contact Counselling and Psychological Services (CAPS) on **8627 8433**, 9am to 4:30pm, Monday to Friday;
 - **disability support** - contact Disability Services on **8627 7422**, 9am-4pm, Monday to Friday;
 - **academic support** - [special consideration](#) for examinations and assessments; and
 - **student representative associations** – undergraduate students: contact the [Student Representative Council](#) (SRC) on **9660 5222**, 9am-5pm, Monday to Friday; postgraduate students: contact the [Sydney University Postgraduate Representative Association](#) (SUPRA) on **9351 3715**, 9am to 5pm (closed 12-1pm), Monday to Friday.
- (3) Former students who have experienced sexual misconduct or sexual harassment have access to a range of University [support services and assistance, which may include:](#)
 - **Student Liaison Officers** – contact **8627 6808** or email

communities.officer@sydney.edu.au, 8.30am-5.30pm, Monday to Friday;

- **security services** - contact Campus Security on **9351 3333**, 24 hours a day;
- **student representative associations** – undergraduate students: contact the [Student Representative Council](#) (SRC) on **9660 5222**, 9am-5pm, Monday to Friday; postgraduate students - contact the [Sydney University Postgraduate Representative Association](#) (SUPRA) on **9351 3715**, 9am to 5pm (closed 12-1pm), Monday to Friday.

SCHEDULE 3 –Support for students who have been accused of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment

(A) – College support

The Vice-Rector or Dean will arrange support for a student who is accused of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment upon request.

(B) – University of Sydney support

Students who are accused of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment have access to a range of University support services and assistance, including:

- **health services** - contact the University Health Service on **9351 3484**, 8:30am to 5pm, Monday to Friday;
- **counselling services** - contact Counselling and Psychological Services (CAPS) on **8627 8433**, 9am to 4:30pm, Monday to Friday;
- **on campus emergency accommodation** - contact Student Accommodation Services on **9351 3322**, 10am to 4pm, Monday to Friday. For after hours emergency accommodation, contact Campus Security on **9351 3333**;
- **disability support** - contact Disability Services on **8627 7422**, 9am-4pm, Monday to Friday
- **academic support** - [special consideration](#) for examinations and assessments; and
- **student representative associations** – undergraduate students: contact the [Student Representative Council](#) (SRC) on **9660 5222**, 9am-5pm, Monday to Friday; postgraduate students: contact the [Sydney University Postgraduate Representative Association](#) (SUPRA) on **9351 3715**, 9am to 5pm (closed 12-1pm), Monday to Friday.